

MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION

Pearson Edexcel - Wednesday 8 November 2017 - Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier

1.

7		0.0007452	M1 A1	digits 7452 seen cao
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Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 25 May 2017 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

2.

3	<p>21840 1638 23478</p>	234.78	M1 A1 A1	for complete method with relative place value correct including addition of all the appropriate elements of the calculation e.g. two lines of 1 st method, internal numbers of grids, or complete structure shown of partitioning methods for digits 23478 (ft dep M1) for correct placement of the decimal point into their final answer
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Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 25 May 2017 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

3.

8	(a) (b)	0.00000797 6.3×10^7	B1 M1 A1	cao for partial calculation involving powers of 10 e.g. $0.63 \times 10^{5-n}$ or 6.3×10^n where $n \neq 7$ or for $n \times 10^8$ or for 63000000 cao
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Pearson Edexcel - Specimen Papers Set 2 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

4.

6	a		$7\frac{1}{2}$	M1 $\frac{9}{4} \times \frac{10}{3}$ oe M1 $\frac{90}{12}$ oe A1 $7\frac{1}{2}$
	b		$5\frac{1}{4} + 6\frac{2}{3}$ or $5\frac{2}{3} + 6\frac{1}{4}$	B1 $5\frac{1}{4} + 6\frac{2}{3}$ or $5\frac{2}{3} + 6\frac{1}{4}$

Pearson Edexcel - Sample Paper 1 - (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

5.

1		32.968	M1 A1 A1	for correct method (condone one error) for digits 32968 ft (dep M1) for correct placement of decimal pt
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Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 26 May 2016 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

6.

16		7×10^8	2	M1 for $7 \times 10^n, n \neq 8$ or $a \times 10^8, a \neq 7$ or 700 000 000 or 0.7×10^9 A1 cao
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Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 26 May 2016 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

7.

18	(a)	$2\frac{4}{5}$	3	M1 for writing as improper fractions eg $\frac{6}{5}$ or $\frac{7}{3}$ M1 (dep) for multiplying improper fractions eg $\frac{6 \times 7}{5 \times 3}$ or $\frac{14}{5}$ oe A1 cao
	(b)	$\frac{4}{5}$	3	M1 for finding two correct fractions with a common denominator eg $\frac{7}{15} - \frac{10}{15}$ or $\frac{21-30}{45}$ M1 (dep) for complete and correct method eg $1 - \frac{3}{15}$ or $\frac{37}{15} - \frac{25}{15}$ or $\frac{111-75}{45}$ oe A1 for $\frac{4}{5}$ oe

Pearson Edexcel - Wednesday 4 November 2015 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

8.

2	(i)	19.44	2	B1 cao
	(ii)	19 440		B1 cao

Pearson Edexcel - Wednesday 5 November 2014 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

9.

1	(i)	3484	1	B1 cao
	(ii)	34.84	1	B1 cao
	(iii)	670	1	B1 cao

Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 11 June 2013 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

10.

1	(a)	331.705	1	B1 cao
	(b)	179300	1	B1 cao

Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 28 February 2013 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

11.

1		$\begin{array}{r} 183 \\ \times 47 \\ \hline 1281 \\ 7320 \\ \hline 8601 \end{array}$ <p>or</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>8</td><td>3</td><td>×</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>1</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>7</td><td>5</td><td>2</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>6</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td></td></tr> </table> <p>or</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>100</td><td>80</td><td>3</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>4000</td><td>3200</td><td>120</td><td>40</td></tr> <tr><td>700</td><td>560</td><td>21</td><td>7</td></tr> </table> $4000 + 3200 + 120 + 700 + 560 + 21 = 8601$ <p>or</p> $183 \times 100 = 18\,300$ $183 \times 50 = 18\,300 \div 2 = 9150$ $183 \times 3 = 549$ $9150 - 549 = 8601$		1	8	3	×		4	3	1	4	8	7	5	2	7		6	0	1		100	80	3		4000	3200	120	40	700	560	21	7	86.01	3	<p>M1 for a complete method to multiply 183 by 47 and attempt at addition (condone one multiplication error)</p> <p>A1 for digits 8601 given as the answer</p> <p>B1 (dep on M1) for correctly writing their answer to 2 decimal places</p>
	1	8	3	×																																	
	4	3	1	4																																	
8	7	5	2	7																																	
	6	0	1																																		
100	80	3																																			
4000	3200	120	40																																		
700	560	21	7																																		

Pearson Edexcel - Monday 11 June 2012 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

12.

17	(a)		1	1	B1 cao
	(b)		0.000067	1	B1 cao
	(c)		2.7×10^{14}	2	M1 for $27 \times 10^{7+6}$ or 27×10^{13} oe or an answer of 2.7×10^n where n is an integer or an answer of $a \times 10^{14}$ where $1 \leq a < 10$ A1 cao

Pearson Edexcel - Friday 2 March 2012 - Paper 3 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

13.

2		$\frac{60.2 \times 0.799}{223} \approx$ $\frac{60 \times 0.8}{200} = \frac{48}{200} = 0.24$	0.24	3	<p>B1 for any two of 60, 0.8, 200 seen or 48 seen M1 for at least one of 60, 0.8, 200 and a correct method to begin to evaluate eg. the numerator may be correctly evaluated or a correctly simplified fraction (NB. fraction may not be fully simplified) A1 for answer in the range 0.15 to 0.3 from correct working</p>
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Pearson Edexcel - Friday 2 March 2012 - Paper 3 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

14.

6		$1500 \div 175 = 8\frac{4}{7}$	8	4	<p>B1 1500 or 0.175 M1 '1500' \div 175 oe M1 evidence of correct method to evaluate '1500' \div 175 eg. can be implied by a division sum or a cancelled down fraction A1 8 cao</p> <p>OR B1 1500 or 0.175 M2 at least 8 repeated additions of 175 or at least 8 repeated subtractions of 175 from 1500 or $8 \times 175 (=1400)$ or $9 \times 175 (=1575)$ (M1 at least 4 repeated additions of 175 or at least 4 repeated subtractions of 175 from 1500 or $n \times 175$ where $n = 4$ or 5 or 6 or 7 or 10) A1 8 cao</p> <p>NB: Work could be in m/ throughout</p>
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Pearson Edexcel - Friday 2 March 2012 - Paper 3 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

15.

22		$(2+\sqrt{2})(3+\sqrt{8}) = 6+2\sqrt{8}+3\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}\times\sqrt{8}$ $= 10+3\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{8}$ $10+3\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{8} = 10+3\sqrt{2}+2\times 2\times\sqrt{2} = 10+7\sqrt{2}$ OR $(2+\sqrt{2})(3+\sqrt{8}) = (2+\sqrt{2})(3+2\sqrt{2})$ $= 6+4\sqrt{2}+3\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}\times 2\sqrt{2}$ $6+7\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}\times 2\sqrt{2} = 6+7\sqrt{2}+2\times 2$	$10+7\sqrt{2}$	4	<p>M1 3 or 4 out 4 terms correct 6, $2\sqrt{8}$, $3\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{2}\sqrt{8}$ - terms may be simplified and could be in a list M1 for 10 from $6 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{8}$ B1 $\sqrt{8} = \sqrt{4}\times\sqrt{2}$ oe or $\sqrt{8} = \sqrt{4}\times 2$ A1 $10+7\sqrt{2}$ cao</p> <p>OR B1 $\sqrt{8} = \sqrt{4}\times\sqrt{2}$ or $\sqrt{8} = \sqrt{4}\times 2$ M1 3 or 4 out of 4 terms fit from the expansion of $(2+\sqrt{2})(3+2\sqrt{2})$ 6, $2\times 2\sqrt{2}$, $3\sqrt{2}$, $2\times\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2}$ - terms may be simplified and could be in a list M1 for 10 from $6 + 2\times\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2}$ A1 $10+7\sqrt{2}$ cao</p>
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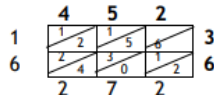
Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 9 November 2010 - Paper 3 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

16.

2	(a)		p^4	1	B1 cao
	(b)		$6cd$	1	B1 for $6cd$

Pearson Edexcel - Monday 7 June 2010 - Paper 3 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

17.

10	$\begin{array}{r} 452 \\ 36 \\ \hline 2712 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 13560 \\ 16272 \end{array}$  <table border="1" data-bbox="321 478 570 579"> <tr> <td></td> <td>400</td> <td>50</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>12000</td> <td>1500</td> <td>60</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>2400</td> <td>300</td> <td>12</td> </tr> </table> <p data-bbox="321 600 729 630">$12000 + 1500 + 60 + 2400 + 300 + 12 = 16272$</p>		400	50	2	3	12000	1500	60	0				6	2400	300	12	162.72	3	<p>M1 for complete method with relative place value correct. Condone 1 multiplication error, addition not necessary.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>M1 for a complete grid. Condone 1 multiplication error, addition not necessary.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>M1 for sight of a complete partitioning method, condone 1 multiplication error. Final addition not necessary.</p> <p>A2 for 162.72</p> <p>(A1 (dep on M1) for correct placement of decimal point after final addition (of appropriate values) or for digits 16272 seen)</p> <p>(SC; B1 for attempting to add 36 lots of 4.52)</p>
	400	50	2																	
3	12000	1500	60																	
0																				
6	2400	300	12																	

18.